15.4.7 40b (אמר רב אמי) → 41b (לא גזרי)

- ז. וָאַתָּה בֶּן אָדָם **עשֶׁה לָּדְ כָּלִי גוֹלָה** וּגְלָה יוֹמֶם לְעֵינֵיהֶם וְגַלִיתָ מְמְּקוֹמֶךּ אֶל מְקוֹם אָחֶר לְעֵינֵיהֶם אוּלָי יָרְאוּ כִּי בֶּית מָרִי הָמָּה:י*חוקאל יב, ג* 2. וַעָבַדָת אָת אֹיָבֵידָ אָשֶׁר יָשֶׁלְתָנוֹ ה' בַּדְּ בַּרָעָב וּבָצֵמָא וּבָעִירם **וּבַחסר כֹל** וְנַתָן על בַּרְזֵל עַל צַוְאָרֶךְ עַד הָשְׁמִידוֹ אֹתֶךְ: *דברים כח, מח* 3. הַסֹּלֶחַ לְכָל עָוֹנֵכִי הָרֹפֵא לְכָל תַחַלְאַיִכִי: תהלים קג, ג

 - ַרְעֲפַשׁ בְּשָּׁרוֹ מִנַּעַר יָשׁוּב לִימֵי עֲלוּמָיו: איוב לג, כח .4
 - ב. ה' יִסְעָדֵנוּ עַל עָרָשׁ דְּוַי כָּל מִשְׁכָּבוֹ הַפַּכְתַּ בְחַלִיוֹ: תהלים מא, ד
 - הַ הַן גַּרשָׁתָּ אֹתִי הַיּוֹם מֵעל פָּנֵי הָאַדְמָה וּמִפָּנֵיךְ אָסְתֶר וְהַיִּיתִי נַע וַנַד בָּאָרֵץ **וְהַיָּה כַּל מֹצְאִי יַהַרְגַּנִי**: ב*ראשית ד, יד*
 - ר. למשפטיף עמדו היום כִּי הַכֹּל עֲבָדֶיף: תהלים קיט, צא

- Continued אגדות relative to ביקור חולים
 - nature of deprivation (vv. 1-2)
 - conclusions about someone who has healed (vv. 3-4)
 - interpretation of v. 5 sickness causes one to forget his learning
 - story of ר' יוסף
 - Story of ר' חייא (and the laundryman)
 - d Relative greatness of being saved from God's fire (fever) than man's fire (חנניה, מישאל ועזריה)
 - Interpretation and application of vv. 6-7:
 - Once a man's time has come, all have power over him
 - Story of the tall man
 - iii Story of the scorpion swimming across the river on the back of a frog
- Miscellaneous rules of ביקור חולים
 - שמואל: we only visit someone who has been relieved of his fever
 - excluding: visiting those who have
 - intestinal problems (embarrassing)
 - headaches/eyeaches (speech harms them)
 - observation: fever, if it weren't an agent of the מלאך המוות, would be as helpful as a monthly protection (like thorns around a palm tree)
 - ערסן is good for a disease (preparation advice)
 - we don't visit someone with dysentery (shames him)
- III Explanation of משנה in משנה in משנה
 - Means may heal him, but not his possessions (animals)
 - *Note*:he may, however, advise as to which drug is salvific
- IV משנה דב: Continuation of permitted activities involving the מדיר and the מדיר
 - he may bathe with him in a large bath but not a small one
 - reason: in a small one, he causes water (by movement and splashing) to move towards him
 - ii dissent: ר"מ disallows bathing in any size bath
 - he may sleep with him
 - i הנאה only during hot months; during cold months, the body heat is considered הנאה
 - ר' יהודה (in ברייתא) a large bed permitted in cold months, a small bed in hot months
 - they may eat together, reclining on the same couch, but may not eat from one bowl
 - caveat: they may eat from the same bowl if it is being passed around
 - addendum: (ר' יוסי בר חנינא) if it is returned to the host
- משנה ד3: continuation of activities involving מדיר and מדיר
 - a they may not eat together out of the bowl placed before workmen
 - working together:
 - ר"מ: may not work in the same furrow
 - ii חכמים: may work on the same furrow if there is a distance between them
 - iii reason for dispute: do we rule against working together at a distance as a precaution against working together in proximity, which all agree is prohibited since he benefits him by softening up the earth