16.7.8

55b (מתיב רמי בר חמא) → 57a (סיום הפרק)

- I challenges to יר' חסדא (as long as there are 30 days afterwards) (as long as there are 30 days afterwards)
 - a אפק מצורע (מוחלט) המיק מצורע (פוחלט) קדשים after 60 days and is released from נזירות after 120:
 - i Explanation: cannot shave for אנרע until 30 days since he may not be a מצורע, cannot shave for another 30 for טומאה, since he may be טומאה; he must then keep another 30 days; he isn't yet released, since he may have been and this 2nd shaving is תגלחת טומאה; after 90 he isn't yet released, since shavings #1 & 2 may have been for אומאה and this may be for טומאה after 120, all is accomplished in any case
 - ii Note: if his נוירות was 1 year, he eats קדשים after 2 years and is released after 4
 - iii Point: if his days of צרעת counted, he should require only 3 years and 30 days
 - b מדרש הלכה :רב אשי don't count towards his נזירות
 - i However: his days of הסגר (quarantine) do count (as do days of זיבה)
 - Reason: there is no תגלחת waiting at the end of that process
 - c Conclusion: the days of צרעת מוחלטת do not count (contra ר' חסדא
- II בי יהושע reports in the name of ר"א: משנה דו
 - a any of class "A" משנה ב') that would generate תגלחת טומאה generates liability for entering the מקדש
 - b any of class "B" משנה ג') טומאת מת) doesn't generate that liability
 - i note: ר"א originally heard it in the name of ר"א
 - ii *observation*: when reporting a transmission, we always state the originator of the tradition and the immediate trident (but not the "middlemen")
 - l proof: מאה ב:ו with tradition going back to משה בסיני, but skipping generations in between (יהושע)
 - Dissent: "מ"α − class "B" טומאת שר (7-day טומאה רequiring הזאת ג' וז' shouldn't be less severe than טומאת שר
- III משנה בי 's argument in favor of טומאת מגע for רביעית דם
 - a ק"ו
 - i if: עצם כשעורה, which isn't מטמא, generates גילוח for a גילוו if he touches it,
 - ii Then: מטמא באהל, which is מטמא, should certainly generate גילוח for נזיר who touches it
 - 1 Response (ר"א): cannot apply ק"ו reasoning to (למ"מ) הלכה (confirmed by ר' יהושע
 - iii question: which is the הלכה and which is the ק"ו?
 - 1 Lemma1: עצם כשעורה (generating טומאת מת via מגע only) is הלכה
 - (a) And then: רביעית דם is (attempted to be) inferred via ק"ו
 - 2 Lemma2: דביעית דם (that a נזיר shaves for being in an אהל with it) is הלכה
 - (a) And then: infer from עצם כשעורה that a רביעית should be מטמא במגע
 - 3 Answer: lemma 1 is confirmed by ברייתא