## 2.1.17

18b (משנה ז] ב"ש אומרים אין מוכרין וכו')  $\rightarrow$  19b (בפלוגתא דרבה בר זבדא ור' הונא)

ַרָק עֵץ אֲשֶׁר תַּדַע כִּי לֹא עֵץ מַאֲכָל הוּא אֹתוֹ תַשְּחִית וְכָרָתָּ וּבָנִיתָ מָצוֹר עַל הָעִיר אֲשֶׁר הָוֹא עֹשָׁה עִמְּךְ מַלְחָמָה **עַד רְדְתָּה**: *דברים כ, כ* 

- I. משנה : dispute ב"ש/ב"ם about selling, giving or loading on non-Jew just before שבת
  - a. שבת may not do so unless there is sufficient time for him to get to his destination before שבת
  - b. שראל permit as long as he can get out of the שראל's house (per "צ"'s explanation in ברייתא)
    - i. ברייתא: expands to include lending money or items
  - c. Parallel rulings re ממש do not permit selling מסח to non-Jew unless it will be devoured before פסח
    - i. א"ב. as long as it may be eaten (on יד) it may be sold
      - 1. מנתח הבבלי ד' יהודה and similar foods (made of bits of חמץ, long-lasting) are אטור to sell within 30 days of אטור to sell within 30 days of
  - d. Related ruling: permissible to put food before dog or non-Jew in courtyard on שבת; if he takes it out, no responsibility
    - i. Note: גוי is the unexpected ruling, since we have no responsibility to feed him, perhaps no קמ"ל היתר
- II. שבת dispute ב"ש ב"ה about giving hides to tanner or clothes to dry-cleaner before שבת
  - a. שבת must be enough time to complete process before שבת
  - b. שבת may give them over just before שבת
  - c. *תוספתא שבח יגיי- יא* may not rent tools to a non-Jew on ע"ש; but permitted on יום ד' וה'
    - i. Similarly: we do not send letters with a non-Jew on יום ד' וה' it is permitted
      - 1. Note: יוסי הכהן/החסיד never had a letter of his found in the hands of a non-Jew(ish postman)
  - d. ברייתא may not send a letter with non-Jew on ע"ש unless you agree on a fee for delivery
    - i. שבת he must be able to get to his own house (before שבת)
    - ii.  $\pi''$ **2** he must be able to get to the house next to the wall (of the city)
      - 1. Challenge: why put any limits if he set a fee?
      - 2. Answer (ב"ש/ב"ה is only in case he didn't set a fee
        - a. Challenge: if he didn't set a fee, we stipulated that he may not send it all (on ע"ש)
        - b. Answer: if there is a postal center in town, he may send it (with the time-gap) on אטור אטור
  - e. אים ד' on (יום ד' on רי"ף) הוא may not embark on sea voyage from יום ד' on (יום ד' interferes with עונג שבת
    - i. However: this is only if he is going for דבר הרשות; or דבר מצוה, it is permitted
    - ii. מבי and then he needn't do so (דבי unnecessary)
    - iii. Note: completely מותר if he is traveling a short distance, e.g. from Tyre to Sidon
  - f. מים ד' may not begin siege against non-Jewish city from ים ד' on; if they began it, don't interrupt
    - i. Per: שמאי's read of v. 1 עד רדתה even on שבת שבת
- III. שבת report of his father's custom to give white clothes to cleaner at least 3 days before שבת
  - a. צרוק הווספתא שבת א:כב s report א"ר"ג report אבנד אינב א:כב s report ע"ש s report ע"ש s report ע"ש אבת א:כב
    - i. זרך אגב we learn that it takes longer to clean white clothes than colored
    - ii. Story: אביי caught cleaner who charged the same for colored as for white clothes
      - 1. Advice: check clothes by size before giving them to cleaner and when getting them back (shrink/stretch)
  - b. Rest of שבת ב"ש וב"ה משנה עוב"ה agree that we lay beam of the oil press and the wheel of the winepress just before שבת
    - i. Question: why is ב"ש lenient here?
    - ii. Answer: since, even if he performed this on שבת, not חייב חטאת, no reason to be ע"ש no kist on ע"ש
      - 1. Question: on whose authority do we rule that if something comes out by itself, not אסור (e.g. olive oil)
        - a. איוסי בר חנינא ;per ארי ישמעאל ד:י), (ר' ישמעאל, contra יוסי בר חנינא way continue flowing
        - b. אלעזר בן שמוע ה"א, who rules (תכמים contra חכמים) that smashed honeycomb may continue into
          - i. דיב"ת that only teaches about food →food; our case is food→liquid
            - 1. ברייתא in which ריב"ש extends ruling to olives and grapes (ריב"ת did not know that ריב"ת did not know that ברייתא
          - ii. איי ישמעאל learned that ר' ישמעאל only permitted it if almost completely ground; our case is not
            - 1. Note: ריב"ח ruled, in practice, per ר' ישמעאל
    - iii. Tangent: dispute בילי בית if oil pressed by בעלי בית and the mats used there are מוקצה רב) מוקצה not)
      - 1. Note: same dispute about mats sold on boats
      - 2. ה"ל. same dispute about a goat ready for milking, sheep for shearing, chicken for egg-laying, ox for plowing and dates for selling and this dispute follows מוקצה רב::) ר"ש: עמוקצה רב::) ר"ש: רב::) ר"ש: רב::) ר"ש: רב::)
        - a. Tangential story: student ruled like רב and was put in חרם as it was רב town
        - o. Tangent: students divided in ruling like שבת קב.) ר' הונא or בבה בר זבדא) re: saving vessels from fire