## 3.9.3

91a (ר' שמעון אומר) → 92a (לא מינטרי)

- I. ביב ושמואל ור' יוחנן: extent of משנה that all roofs, courtyards and open yards are a single רשות that all roofs, courtyards and open yards are a single הלכה. a. מישה follows הלכה.
  - b. מערב together מערב together מערב
    - i. *If they are*: concern that someone will take from house→courtyard→courtyard
  - c. שמואל ור' יוחנן. regardless even if they made an עירוב together, we still rule like ד"ש together.
    - i. Challenge (ח"ק): concern that people will be confused by 2 כלים, both in same מותר -1 מותר and the other אטור
    - ii. *Answer*: follows איש, who doesn't have such a concern
      - 1.Per: his position in ד:ו, above, in case of חצרות ABC; with עירובין from AB and BC
        - a) And: he allows carrying AB and BC, without concern that vessels of A will go to C
    - iii. Challenge: from our כלים ששבתו בחצר wording is כלים ששבתו בחצר
      - 1. Must be: that there is an עירוב else how do "house-vessels" get into חצר
      - 2. Answer: could be handkerchiefs etc. that were worn outside and then left there
    - iv. Support for מרפסת (above) מרפסת and חצר may carry to each other only if there is no עירוב between them 1.Block: that follows רבנן (contra קרפף) no mention of קרפף among permitted areas)
    - v. Support for ברייתא דב if 5 חצרות open to each other and 1 of them opens into מבוי
      - 1. Without מבוי וקרפף. they may carry from חצר to חצר allows carrying to מבוי וקרפף also, only if there is no עירוב)
      - 2.Block: עירוב here really refers to
      - 3.Block2: עירוב is speaking שיטת חכמים but he would allow carrying even if there were an עירוב
  - d. Tangent: may not carry within מבוי (from previous ברייתא)
    - i. Proposal: this supports שיתוף who only allows carrying מבוי in מבוי without שיתוף
    - ii. Block: read מבוי to carry to
      - 1. *Justification*: to preempt the possibility that עירוב agree with עירוב if there is no עירוב
  - e. Challenge: to ר' יוחנן's ruling like ר"ש's
    - i. משנה (unattributed) rules that we may not bring fruit down from/up to wall between אוד. המשנה (if עי"ט wide)
    - ii. סתם משנה always follows ד' יוחנן:
    - iii. Defense: taking "down" in משנה means down to houses (but to חצר is permitted)
      - 1. *Note*: this is contrary to ד' מייא understanding of the ruling
- II. Related מימרא –dispute תצרות regarding carrying in 2 חורבה separated by חורבה
  - a.If: only one of the חצרות made an ד"ה, עירוב that didn't make the עירוב "belongs" to חצרות that didn't make the עירוב
    - i. Concern: that he'll take from house →חורבה
      - 1. חייא בר רב (version 1): belongs to both (→both אסור)
        - a) Rationale: both can't be permitted; else, we could attach a non-מעורב to a מעורב
        - b) Block: could still be מותר we make the following distinction
          - i. In the case: of 2 adjacent כלי הבית, will be protected in חצר and he may carry חצר → חצר חצר הבית
          - ii. But in case of כלי הבית won't be safe in חורבה; he won't carry חורבה → חצר כלי
      - 2. *מותר (version2*): "belongs" to both (→both (**aותר**)
        - a) Rationale: unlike a עירוב w/o עירוב adjacent to one with an עירוב; distinction:
          - i. In the case: of 2adjacent כלי הבית, will be protected in חצר and he may carry חצר →חצר המצר בית
          - ii. But in case of כלי הבית won't be safe there; he won't carry חורבה → חצר → חורבה