## 13.8.6

## 75a (פצוע דכא) → 76b (למשמע מינה)

Note: in הושע פ"ט, the deception of the גבעונים is detailed. They manipulated הוחלים, the deception of the הושע פ"ט into signing a treaty, but it turned out they were local residents of ארץ בנימין. As a result, they ended up being banned from the החל although their contemporary status is the result of a הוה דרבען in our the question of whether the prohibition of marrying them (as members of the 7 nations of מוניא) applies before or after their conversion

- 1. לא יָבא פְצוּעַ דַּכָּא וּכְרוּת שָׁפְכָה **בְּקְהָל ה':** דברים פרק כג פסוק ב 2. לא יָבא מַמְזֵר בִּקְהַל ה' **גַם דור עַשִּירִי** לא יָבא לו בִּקְהַל ה': דברים פרק כג פסוק ג 3. רְאוּבֵן בְּכֹרִי אַתָּה **כֹּחִי וְרֵאשִית אוֹנִי** יָתֶר שְׁאֵת וְיֶתֶר עָז: *בראשית פרק מט פסוק ג* 4. **וְלֹא תִתְחָתֵּן בָּם** בִּתְּךְ לֹא תָתָּן לְבָנוֹ וּבְתוֹ לֹא תָקַח לְבְנֶךְ: דברים פרק ז פסוק ג 5. וַיִ**תְחַתֵּן שְׁלֹמֹה אֶת פַּרְעֹה** מֶלֶךְ מְצְרָיִם וִיִּקְח אֶת בַּת פַּרְעֹה וִיְבִיאָה אֶל עִיר דְּוִד עַד כַּלֹתוֹ לְבְנוֹת אֶת בֵּית ה' וְאֶת חוֹמַת יְרוּשִׁלַם סְבִיב: מ״א גּ: א 5. מִן הַגּוֹיִם אֲשֶׁר אָמֵר ה' אֶל בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל לֹא תָבֹאוּ בָּהֶם וְהֵם לֹא יָבֹאוּ בָכֶם אָכֵן יַטוּ אֶת לְבַבְכֶם אַחֲרֵי אֱלֹהֵיהֶם **בָּהֶם דְּבַק שְׁלֹמֹה לְאַחָבָה**: מ״א יא ב
  - I Privelege of wives of צוע דכא to eat משנה (if they didn't have ביאה since the status change from our משנה משנה
    - a איסורי כהונה should follow אירוסין who allow איסורי כהונה to eat after אירוסין (pre-גיאה פסולה)
      - i contra: ביאה פסולה who maintains that one anticipating ביאה פסולה may not eat
    - b אשת פ"ד agrees that אשת פ"ד even בהיתר (before the "accident") בהיתר (before the "accident")
      - i בת ישראל לכהן: if so, even בת ישראל לכהן whose husband dies should "continue" eating
      - ii ר' יוחנן: in that case, the קנין (that ties her to כהונה) is uprooted
  - II Definition of פצוע דכא (expansion of משנה)
    - a רבנן: even if only one of his testes is smashed, punctured or defective
      - i challenge: story of man whose testes were punctures on a tree and later had children
      - ii response: רב challenged his paternity
    - b בינה (in the name of ריב"ב (nothe name of ריב"ב): if he has one "stone", he is like a סריס מחל and כשר
    - c שמואל: if the damage happened at birth ישמואל: that's why the verse states פצוע, not מצוע, not פצוע, i.e. formed that way)
    - d בינה: all 3 organs are subject to בצוע, דיכה וכריתה (wound, smash, cut off) any of these that happens creates
    - e פצוע דכא (undefined what is "smashed") refers to genitalia:
      - i אבי: since it doesn't mention generations (as in the juxtaposed ממזר v. 2)
      - ii challenge: perhaps that omission means his children are כשר
      - iii response: parallel to כרות שפכה which refers to genitalia, which, if cut, merely "spill" out
      - iv ממזר parallel to ממזר caused by/related to genitalia
        - 1 *tangent:* ר' חייא בר אבא thought to permit someone whose puncture went from one side below the corona to the other side above it; פסול יו quoted יוב"ל any puncture of the corona creates פסול
  - III Details about location and formation of invalidating wound within context of כרות שפכה
    - רבינא 's question about מלא החוט conclusion: can be majority, but must be on inside (towards body)
    - b shape of כריתה:
      - i if shaped like reed (thin but not exposed) valid; if like gutter (thick but exposed) invalid
      - ii r' nota if shaped like gutter valid (still friction possible); if like reed invalid (too thin)
        - 1 הלכה –רבא follows י, either since not exposed, or since friction is possible (like cask-bung)
        - 2 either is valid, but problem only exists from corona towards body
    - c stories
      - i man in מתא מחסיא who was wounded; they shaped it like a reed and revalidated him
      - ii Man whose semen exited via urethra invalid, since it can't "cook" in irregular location
    - d שמואל's ruling: if it was punctured and healed, if it doesn't retear when emitting semen, valid
      - i רבא must refer to corona itself
      - ii test done by bringing hot barley into anus to "heat up" and create emission (not enticement, e.g. women's clothing, since most people aren't that easily excited, even though not all are like יעקב [v. 3])
      - iii form of healing: use barley to open wound, suet to fill it and use ant to "solder" it then cut off ant's head
        - 1 only works with small wound; a large one retears
      - iv rejection of 2 רב הונא of ארכות/ his son
        - 1 son: if someone urinates from 2 "portals" פסול
        - 2 father: women who are are invalid לכהונה

- IV משנה ב2: permissible marriages for פצוע דכא וכרות שפכה
  - a permitted to marry גיורת ban is on ביאה בקהל as per v. 1
  - b associated question: is פ"ד כהן allowed to marry convert?
    - i Lemma1: מ"ד loses his state of קדושה (evidenced by his allowance to marry גתינה [see note])
    - ii Lemma2: still considered כהן
    - iii קרושה can marry קרושה (otherwise v. 4 should apply) ישראל פ"ד (otherwise v. 4 should apply)
    - iv *challenge1* (רבא): v. 4 only applies when they are pre-conversion; concern that he will have a son who will worship ע"ז
      - after conversion, נבנוע דכא only applied גורה to marriage that could produce (not פצוע דכא)
      - 2 challenge: ממזר may marry נתינה
      - 3 rather: כשרים only applies to כשרים
    - v rejection (איסור חיתון: איסור חיתון cannot apply before conversion, since "marriage" isn't possible
      - 1 challenge: v. 5 שלמה "married" בת פרעה
      - 2 *defense*: he converted her
        - (a) challenge: converts weren't accepted during days of שלמה
        - (b) block: that was to avoid joining "royal table"; she was already royalty
        - (c) challenge: she was a מצרי ראשון
          - (i) attempted defense: her family was not part of original מצריים
          - (ii) rejection: student of מצרי who was 'still' an original מצרי
        - (d) answer: שלמה isn't a model, as per v. 6, he entered in many inappropriate "marriages"
          - (i) v. 5: since he loved her so much, it is considered akin to ויתחתן
    - vi attempted proof from omission of משנה in our משנה in our
      - 1 rejection: סיפא, which lists permitted relationships, also omits הינה →inconclusive