14.6.2 (משנה ה') → 68a (שיבא לידי גיבוי)

- ת פָּים תִּפְתַּח אֶת יָדְדּ לוֹ וְהַעֲבֵט תַּעֲבִיטֶנּוּ **דֵּי מַחְסרוֹ אֲשֶׁר יֶחְסֵר לוֹ**: דברים פרק טו פסוק ח
  - 2. וַיֹּאמֶר ה' אֱלֹהִים לֹא טוֹב הֵיוֹת הָאָדָם לְבַדוֹ אָעָשֶׂה לוֹ עָזֶר כְּנֵגְדּוֹ: בראשית פרק ב פסוק יח
    - 3. עֵינֵי כֹל אֵלֶיךְ יְשַבֵּרוּ וְאַתָּה נוֹתֵן לָהֶם אֶת אָכְלָם בְּעִתּוֹ:תהלים פרק קמה פסוק טו
- 4. **הוא מוּצֵאת** וְהִיא שָלְחָה אֶל חָמִיהָ לֵאמׁר לְאִישׁ אֲשֶׁר אֵלֶה לוֹ אָנֹכִי הָרָה וַתּאמֶר הַכֶּר נָא לְמִי הַחֹתֶמֶת וְהַפְּתִילִים וְהַמַּשֶּה הָאֵלֶה: בּראשית פּרק לח פּסוק כּה ב. הִשָּמֶר לְךְּ פֶּן יִהְיֶה דְּבָר עֲם לְבָבְךְ בְּלִצִּע לֵאמֹר קָרְבָה שְׁנַת הַשֶּׁבַע שְׁנַת הַשְּׁמְטָה וְרָעָה עֵינְךְּ בְּאָחִיךְּ הָאֶבְיוֹן וְלֹא תִתֵּן לוֹ וְקָרָא עֻלֶיךְּ אֶל ה׳ וְהָיָה בְּדְּ חֵטְא: *דברים טוּט*. בּ
  - *ַּ*. יָצְאוּ אֲנָשִׁים בְּגֵי **דְלִיצַל** מִקְרָבֶּךְ וַיַּדִּיחוּ אֶת יֹשְׁבֵי עִירָם לַאמֹר וַלְכָה וְנַעַבְדָה אֱלֹהִים אֲחֶר לֹא יְדַעְתֶם:ד*ברים פרק יג פסוק יד*
  - I משנה ה' minimum dowry
    - a 50 זוז (regular coins not gold)
    - b if father doesn't provide clothing, husband must clothe her before she leaves father's house
    - c if community is marrying off a widow provide no less than 50 m
      - i if the charity fund has more, provide as per her station
      - ii tangent: if a boy orphan and girl orphan come to be fed, we feed the girl first the boy can beg
      - iii parallel: if a יתומה and יתומה come for help to be married, we help the יתומה first due to dignity
        - 1 ruling: in such a case, we provide a room, a bed & table and then get him a wife, as per v. 1, 2
        - 2 tangents on v1: even if he was once rich, we provide him with trappings of wealth (מעשה בהלל)
        - 3 story: fed man lots of meat every day as per v. 1
        - 4 *story*: poor man who came before א ר' נחמיה was accustomed to eating fatty foods; י"ו "invited" him to join him in eating lentils but that killed him (he wasn't used to it) (אירבא) approach v. 3)
    - d Various rulings about providing for עניים
      - i If he has no funds but refuses to take:
        - 1 ב"מ: give him as a loan, then turn it into a gift
        - 2 חכמים: give it as a gift, then make it a loan
      - ii if he has funds but won't use them to feed himself -
        - 1 we give him as a gift and, after his death, collect it back
        - 2 צ"ח:
          - (a) if he has and won't use it, we aren't responsible
          - (b) if he doesn't have and won't take, we tell him to bring collateral
        - 3 ברייתא : rules like ברייתא above, following v. 1; ר"ש follow מכמים : ר"ש
      - iii stories:
        - מר עוקבא, his daughter and the עני (v. 4)
        - 2 מר עוקבא and the wealthy man he supported
        - 3 ר' חנינא , ר' אבא (dealing with "fakers")
      - iv Gravity of צדקה. vv. 5-6 ignoring the עני is like ע"ז is like עני
        - 1 *However*: if someone pretends to be needy eventually it'll come true
      - v Ruling (re: לקט) we don't force him to sell his household goods (to rise above the poverty line, thus disenfranchising him from לקט etc.)
        - 1 Challenge: we do force him to lower his standard, rather than accept צדקה (gold –silver-copper etc.)
        - 2 Resolution: cups etc. (where he can't tolerate a lower style) vs. furniture
        - 3 Alternatively: before he comes to collect, we don't force him to sell; if he collected and didn't need it, we force him to sell