16.1.5 7a (משנה ג2) → 7b (ליקח לו דרך)

ָ וַיִּקְרָא אֱלֹהִים לָאוֹר יוֹם וְלַחֹשֶׁךְּ קָרָא לְיְלָה **וַיְהִי עֶרֶב וַיְהִי בֹקֶר יוֹם אֶחָד**: בראשית א, ה

- I משנה variant forms of הפלאה which all end up with 30 days
 - a מכאן עד סוף העולם OR נזיר אחת קטנה OR מכאן עד סוף העולם
 - i Even though the last phrase implies "forever", understood as "it seems like forever"
 - ii Challenge: later משנה (1:6) "from here to location X", we measure how long it takes to get there
 - 1 Explanation: based on the above defense, we should reckon it as "it seems like forever" →30 days
 - 2 Answer: רבא he was already on the road
 - (a) Challenge: should be one נזירות for each פרסה
 - (i) defense: location where they don't measure by פרסאות
 - (ii) Challenge: should be every inn as per 1:4 "כשער ראשי etc."
 - 1. Explanation: in that case, we count the hairs on his head (uncountable) and he has a נזירות for each one i.e. continuous 30-days periods
 - (b) Answer: that משנה refers to things which are uncountable;
 - (i) Proof: if he states "for a thousand years", he isn't a נזיר, rather a 1000 year-נזיר, rather a 1000 year-
 - (c) *Alternate answer* (רבה): hairs are distinct from each other, unlike days
 - (i) Challenge: v. 1
 - (ii) Answer: phrase is there to teach that day begins at night, but days aren't distinct
 - iii deflection (רבא): no question, since our משנה states "...דירות one מינוירות one מינוירות
- II משנה גנירויות that lead to 2 consecutive מירויות
 - a נזיר + one day, נזיר + one hour, נזיר and a half
 - b justification:
 - if we only learned מירות + day: would have reasoned that it is double because there is no מירות for a day;
 - 1 but מייר + an hour: would have concluded that he counts 31 days
 - ii if we only learned those two: would have reasoned that he was being inexact
 - 1 but מייר and a half: where he is being exact we would have concluded that he counts 45 days
 - iii קמ"ל all are doubled
- III משנה גיי if he states "I am a מיי for 30 days and an hour" (as opposed to מייר + an hour) נויר for 31 days
 - a reason: there is no הפלאה for hours
 - b caveat (בז:): only holds if he says 31 days, but if he says "30 days and a day" doubled נזירות
 - Reason: רב holds in accord with ר"ע who interprets extra phrasing as meaningful
 - Case: if a man sells his house, that doesn't include cisterns or scaffoldings
 - (a) However: חכמים says that he must buy back a route to the cistern (מונאם dissent)
 - (b) But: if he wrote "besides these", he doesn't need to
 - (i) Explanation: the extra wording חוץ מאלו implies holding onto something extra the route