## 22.3.22

56a (משנה ד') → 57a (משנה ד') הכא נפיק נכי ריבעא דממונא אפומא דאחי)

"מימנין – and liable for punishments as an adult – after she has "brought 2" בימנין

ז. לא יָקוּם עֵד אֶחָד בְּאִישׁ לְכָל עָוֹן וּלְכָל חַטָּאת בְּכָל חֵטָא אֲשֶׁר יֶחֱטָא עַל פִּי שְׁנֵי עֵדִים אוֹ עַל פִּי שְׁלֹשֶׁה עֵדִים יָקוּם **דָבָר**: *דברים יט, טו* 

## I משנה ד': testimony of

- a if: his עדי חזקה proved to be עדים זוממים they pay the claimant the entire value of the field
  - i But if: there were 2 witnesses for each year independent of each other and all were מוזם
    - 1 *Then*: they divide the payment three ways
    - 2 *Note*: the validity of three groups here is *contra* the opinion of "":
      - (a) א"י. v. 1 implies that the witnesses must give full testimony
    - 3 question: what רבנן exclude via (ולא חצי דבר)?
      - (a) couldn't be: 1 witness about a סימן נערות in one place and another witness about a סימן נערות elsewhere
        - (i) reason: that is a failure of חצי עדות and not חצי דבר
      - (b) must be: 2 witnesses about a סימן נערות in 1 place and another 2 about the other סימן
  - i application: רב יהודה if 1 witnesses testifies to the מחזיק expending wheat, and the other to barley חזקה
    - 1 challenge (2"7): if so, one witness to years 1, 3 & 5 and another to years 2, 4 & 6 should be valid
    - 2 defense: disanalagous
      - (a) in that case: they aren't testifying about the same period at all
      - (b) but in our case: one of them is sloppy about the distinction between grains
- b 3 brothers with another (each testifying to 1 year along with constant "other"): 3 עדויות, but considered 1 for הזמה
  - i Related case: there was a שטר הלוואה with 2 signatures (A & B) that required קיים; but B had died
    - 1 So: witness A testified about his own signature, A's brother and X testified about B's signature
    - 2 Proposal (נבינא): follows our משנה of 3 brothers, each joining a constant outsider to form 3 חזקה for חזקה
    - 3 Rejection (משנה): in that case (our משנה), we don't have the failure of ¾ of the money being paid based on brothers' testimony; here we have that failure
      - (a) Explanation: ½ of the money is paid based on A's word; ½ is paid based on A's brother and X