22.3.25

59b (משנה ז') → 60b (סיום הפרק)

- ב. וַיָּשֵּׁא בָּלְעַם אֶת עֵינַיו **וַיָּרָא אֶת יִשְּׁרָאֵל שֹׁכֵן לְשָׁבַטִיו** וַתְּהִי עַלַיו רוּחַ אֱלֹהִים: *במדבר כד, ב*
 - 2. הָתְקוֹשְׁשׁוּ וָקוֹשׁוּ הַגּוֹי לֹא נְכְסָף: צ*פניה ב, א*
 - נ. בַּמְאֵרָה אָתֶּם נֵאָרִים וְאֹתִי אַתֶּם לְבְעִים הַגּוֹי כֵּלוֹ: מלאכי ג, ט
- ז תַּדְבַּק לְשׁוֹנִי לְחַכִּי אָם לֹא אָזִכְּרָכִי **אָם לֹא אָעַלֶה אָת יִרוּשַׁלֶם עַל ראש שִּׁמְחַתִּי**: תהלים קלז, ו
- ב. לָשׁוּם לַאֲבֵלֵי צִיוֹן **לָתָת לָהָם פְּאֵר תַּחַת אֵבֶּר** שֶׁמֶן שָׁשׁוֹן תַּחַת אֵבֶל מַעֲטֵה תְהֹלָה תַּחַת רוּחַ כֵּהָה וְלָרָא לָהֶם אֵילֵי הַצֶּדֶק מַטַע ה' לְהִתּפָּאֵר:יש*עיהו סא, ג*
 - שָׁמְחוֹ אֶת יְרוּשֶׁלֶם וְגִילוֹ בָה כַּל אַהָבֵיהַ שִׁישׁוֹ אָתַה מַשׁוֹשׁ כַּל הַמְּתְאַבְּלִים עַלְיה:ישעיהו סו,י
- משנה זו: the privacy of a common courtyard
 - A person may not open up windows into a common courtyard
 - Note: even another's courtyard!
 - Answer: this is less obvious, since the other has to maintain discretion when he is in סד"א, חצר he has no claim of privacy from house - קמ"ל that he may argue that until now, he only had to avoid him when in חצר
 - Story: man built opening into חצר, claiming immediate חזקה,
 - (a) ר' ישמעאל בר יוסי: confirmed it
 - (b) ד' חייא. order him to shut it up no חזקה
 - Note (כ״ל): if another seals up his opening (and he is quiet), immediate חזקה
 - If: he bought a house in another חצר, he may not have its doors open towards the חצר
 - If: he built a second story, he may not have it open towards the חצר
 - But: he may add a room to his house (inside) and build on top of it, and have it open into his house
 - 1 Reason for ban: he causes more foot traffic in חצר
 - 2 *Challenge*: why is he allowed to build this inner room etc.?
 - Answer: he doesn't build a loft, rather divides his house; עליה here means "wing" (he has rights for this)
- II משנה זמנה more rights of privacy in חצר
 - A man may not: open up a door facing another doorway in אנר, nor a window facing a window (as per v. 1)
 - If: the door or window is small, he may not enlarge it
 - π'' ד thought this only applied to building a א"ז wide doorway into 8 taking up too much space in the חצר
 - (a) *But*: building a 2 wide into 4 is acceptable
 - רבא. even if it is 2 wide to build up to 4
 - (a) Reason: neighbor can argue that he was able to maintain some privacy with a smaller opening
 - If: there is only one, he may not make it two
 - תצר thought this only applied to dividing a א"ז wide doorway into 2x2 taking up 8 in the חצר
 - (a) But: making an 8-wide into 2x4 is acceptable
 - צבא. even making an 8-wide into 2x4 is unacceptable
 - (a) Reason: neighbor can argue that he was able to maintain some privacy with 1 opening, not with two
 - Note: none of these restrictions apply if facing רה"ר
 - 'reason: in any case, he must maintain discretion when in הה"ד, this is no more invasive of privacy
- ווו משנה ח' encroachments on רה"ר
 - A person may not dig caverns etc. underneath דה"ר
 - Dissent (א"יש): if a wagon full of rocks can pass over it, permissible
 - Response (דבנק): it may weaken without him knowing it
 - May not put beams or balconies out into רה"ר,
 - But: he may move his wall in and add them
 - Note: if he moved his wall in, dispute ר"י,ר"ל if he may move it back, whether we apply רב יהודה 'r ruling about מצר שהחזיקו בו רבים) or not here, because there's extra room for the רבים
 - note: stories about המני (מבוי beams out to רה"ר) (tree over רה"ר) who judged similar cases (v. 2)
 - but if house already had them grandfathered in
 - רב הונא: if it fell, he may rebuild with beams; contrasted to fully painted house may not be rebuilt as such (זכר למקדש)
 - (a) Tangent: rules about not completing house etc. as מדרה למקדש, encounter between בי יהושע and יהושע (vv. 3-6)