## 22.10.2

161b (סכך פסול פוסל בארבעה) → 162b (אמר ר' יצחק בר יוסף)

- I שטר content of final line of: ר' יוחנן:
  - a If: there are any erasures and overwrites, they must be confirmed in last line ודין קיומיהון
  - b And: the last line most only summarize the content of שטר no new information
    - i Reason (ד' עמרם): we do not infer any information from the last line
    - ii *Question (א"נ*): what is the source of this rule?
    - iii Answer: from יברייתא if the כשר if the כשר art the כשר, כתב signatures are 2 lines below; from נשטר, כתב if only 1 line כשר
      - 1 Reason: we aren't concerned that בעל השטר could add new information, because the last line never contains anything new of substance
      - 2 Tangential question: what if they left the space of 1.5 lines between עדים and כתב?
        - (a) Note: our ברייתא isn't helpful;the implications of סיפא and סיפא cancel each other out
        - (b) Answer: ברייתא explicitly rules that anything less than 2 lines is valid
          - (i) And: עדים adds that if he had more than 2 ארוב and one of them proved to be קרוב או פטול, the עדים is still valid by dint of the עדים כשרים
            - 1. Note: it shouldn't be surprising that blank space is more severe than "invalidly filled" space
              - a. Support: it takes סכך פסול of סכך פסול to invalidate a סוכה,
                - i. but: 3 טפחים of air invalidate the סוכה