24.3.6; 20a (משנה ה') → 21a (מכתו מוכיח עליו)

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1. לא יִקְרְחוּ קַרְחָה בְּרֹאשָׁם וּבְּאַת זְקָנֶם לֹא זְנֵלְחוּ וּבְבְשַׂרָם לֹא יִשְׂרְטוּ שַׂרְטָתוּ יִיקרֹא כֹא, ה
2. בְּנִים אַתָּם לַה' אֱלֹהֵיכֶם לֹא תִתְּגֹּדְדוּ וְלֹא תָשִּׁימוּ קַרְחָה בֵּין עֵינֵיכֶם לַמַת: דברים יד, א
3. לֹא יִהְיֶּה רְלִי גֶבֶר עַל אִשֶּׁה וְלֹא יִלְבַּשׁ נְּבֶר שְׁמְלֵת אִשְּׁח כִּי תוֹעֲבַת ה' אֱלֹהְי כָּל עשֵׁה אֵלֶה: דברים כב, ה
4. וְשֶׁרֶט לְנָפֶשׁ לֹא תִתְּנוֹּ בְּבַשְׁרְכֶם וּלְחָבֶׁת לַאֲלֶקע לֹא תִתְּנוֹ בָּכֶם אֲנִי ה': ייִקוּא יִט, כח
5. וַיְּקְרְאוּ בְּקוֹל נְדְוֹל וְיִתְגֹּדְדוּ נְמִשְׁפָּטֶם בַּחָרָבוֹת נַּרְמָחִים עֵד שְׁפְּךְ דָּם עֲלֵיהֶם: מֹל״א יִח, כח
6. לֹא תַקְפוּ בְּאַת ראשְׁבֶם וְלֹא תַשְׁחִית אֵת בְּאַת וְאָבָרְיוֹיִם וְאֹת בָשְׁחִית אֵת בְּאַת וְאָבָרְיוֹיִבְרְאיים, כוּ
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- I מכות :משנה הי for various prohibitions related to hair-cutting and shaving
 - a Bald spot: deliberately creating a bald spot
 - i Source: vv. 1, 2
 - 1 קרחה. generates independent liability for each bald spot made
 - 2 בראשם expands application of v. 2 (to ישראל) to anywhere on the head via קרחה::קרחה
 - (a) And: all these apply to ישראל as well as כהנים
 - 3 Question: how do multiple liabilities generate
 - (a) If: there was a separate התראה for each obvious (as per 'נויר later re: משנה ז'
 - (b) *If not*: should only be liable once
 - (i) Answer: case where he put depilatory cream on each finger and "balded" at once 1 התראה
 - ii Size:
 - 1 אחרים (following אחרים) as long as any of his scalp can be seen
 - 2 "ד' יוחנן בשם ראב"ש: size of a bean (follows an anonymous תנא
 - 3 Anonymous תנא. 2 hairs
 - (a) Alternately: size of lentil (mnemonic מראות נגעים are מראות מראות (כגריס, כעדשה
 - Parallel: שעור for cutting hair on שבת 2 hairs similar to קרחה
 - (a) τ only one hair; and חכמים accede in case he's taking white hairs out
 - (i) Note: this is prohibited even during the week as per v. 3
 - b Hair-cuts and shaving:
 - i Cutting corners: "rounding" the head
 - 1 א"ק 2 prohibitions (one on each side)
 - 2 ה"א all one violation \rightarrow if he cut them at one time, only liable for one set of מכות
 - (a) Definition: cutting corners so that there is a band of uncut hair from forehead to behind ears
 - (i) Note: מכות for the cutter and the cuttee
 - 1. Cuttee: either as per מכות) בי יהודה for מכות) or if he cuts himself or by moving his head helps
 - ii "destroying" the corners of his beard: cutting at 5 points
 - 1 א"ק. 5 prohibitions (2 on each side, one at chin)
 - 2 הי"א all one violation \rightarrow if he cut them at one time, only liable for one set of מכות
 - (a) Definition: "שבולת" i.e. where hair accumulates (like sheaf of wheat)
 - iii Tool:
 - 1 השחתה only blade as per vv. 1, 6 השחתה which is via גילוח
 - 2 אילות even blade planer he holds that this is also considered גילות
 - c Cutting skin: over someone's death
 - i Multiples: 5 cuts for one dead or 1 cut for 5 dead חייב 5 times as per נפש and משרט
 - 1 Must be: for a death, not some other loss (as per נפש)
 - 2 שמואל: if he cuts with a tool, also liable
 - (a) Challenge: שריטה is by hand, גידידה with a tool
 - (b) Answer: שריטה=גדידה ר' יוסי holds like שריטה
 - 3 ייחנן or hand isliable if for dead; for , only liable by hand
 - (a) Rejection: v. 5 proves that they would cut with tools (reverse ברייתא)
- II משנה ו' tattoos
 - a Must be: both written and depressed into skin
 - b Tool: any tool or dye that makes a mark
 - c שם רשב"י only liable if he engraves שם (of מעבודה זרה) as per v. 4
 - i Note: due to מראית העין, prohibited to put ashes on wound (tangent: mnemonics to distinguish ר' מלכיא/ר', מלכיו
 - 1 Rejection (י' אשי:): if there is a wound, that is seen and no one thinks he is tattooing