Introduction to מעכת תמיד

מסכת חמיד מסכת חמיד which is made up of either 6 or 7 chapters, has a few "patches" of תלמוד בבלי (and no תלמוד ווישלמי) is descriptive), unlike most of the corpus of the most of the corpus of the the משנה which is prescriptive. This is presented as an eye-witness account of the daily אבודה, focusing on the המים, Keep in mind that each week, a different group of סהנים (called משמרת) would come to ערב שבת (arrival on עבדה) and remain for the week, taking over midday on שבת (and leaving the following the the משנה). Each day, a different בית אב of that עבודה would be "on" for the עבודה. There are no disputes in the מסכת מעילה we are following that scheme and citing the page numbers in these pages.

37.1.1

25b (משנה א) $\rightarrow 26b$ (משנה א)

- 1. וְהַחֹנִים לְפְנֵי הַפִּשָׁכָּן קַדְמָה לְפְנֵי אֹהֶל מוֹעֵד מִזְרָחָה מֹשֶׁה וְאַהֶּרֹן וּבְנֵיו **שׁמְרִים מְשְׁמֶרֶת** הַמִּקְדָשׁ **לְמְשְׁמֶרֶת** בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל וְהַזְּר הַקְּרֵב יוּמָת:ב*מדבר ג, לח* 2. וְנֵם אֶת אָחֶידְּ מֵשֵה לֵוִי שָׁבֶט אָבִידְּ הַקְרֵב אָתָּדְּ **וְיִּלְוּוּ עָלִידְ וִישְׁרְתוּדְ** וְאַתָּה וּבְנֶידְ אָתָּדְ לְפְנֵי אֹהֶל הְנִידְ אָלְ מוֹעֵד לְכֹל עָבֹדַת הָאֹרָן וְזָר לֹא יִקְרֵב אֲלֵיכֶם: ב*מדבר יח, ד* 4. וְהַבִּית בְּהְבָּנֹתוֹ **אָבָן שְׁלָמָה** מִסְּע נְבְנָה וּמַקְבוֹת וְהַגַּרְזֵן כָּל לְא נִשְׁמֵה אַמְּתָה אָמוֹת וְאַבְיִי שְׁמֵנֶה אָמוֹת: מּלִיא זִ,׳ י 5. וּמְיַסָד אָבָנִים יְקָרוֹת אֶבָנִים גְּדֹלוֹת **אָבְנִי עֻשֶּׁר אָמוֹת וְאַבְנִי שְׁמֵנֶה אָמּוֹת**: מּלִיא זִ,׳
- משנה א wake-up, including 3 locations where כהנים perform, per v. 1
 - a Locations: בית מוקד and בית ניצוץ is made); בית מוקד and בית מוקד
 - i בית ניצוץ ובית אבטינס: with stones steps (רובדים של אבנים)
 - 1 And: there were lofts and young כהנים (too young to perform עבודה) guard there
 - 2 Lofts: is taken literally; ההנים would guard below and בהנים above, per v. 3 (לויים help להיים in their precinct)
 - (a) Background: v. 4 לויים helping with their own precinct
 - ii בית מוקד: large domed room, with stone steps; elders of the בית אב (see note) sleep there and they have keys of עזרה
 - 1 *פרחי כהונה.* would sleep on the ground (as it is unseemly to bring beds into עזרה), with their בגדי כהונה below them, wearing their own (night-)clothes.
 - (a) Challenge: need more than one שומר for בית מוקד, as it had a door leading out to חיל along with door leading in to אזרה they would come in to אזרה to check that everything was in place
 - (i) Answer (אביי): since the two were adjacent, one שומר could look each way and guard both
 - 2 Clarification of דובדין של אבנים. means steps to go up to עלייה
 - (a) Challenge: they wouldn't allow hewing of stones in מקדש (v. 4)
 - (b) Answer: they would take big stones and fill in gaps with pebbles (v. 5) as they did in building מזבח
 - iii *If*: someone had a קרי at night, he would go through a tunnel that goes around and down to בית הטבילה, lit with lamps on both sides, and there was a bonfire there, along with a "dignified" בית הכסא
 - 1 Dignity: if he found it closed, he would assume that someone was inside and not go in; if open available
 - iv שבילה. he would go in, come out and towel off and warm up by the bonfire, then he would go and stand with other נהנים until the gates open and leave (as he needs to be outside of הערב שמש until the gates open.)
- II משנה ב: wake-up procedure for any כהן who wishes to participate in תרומת הדשן for חרומת הדשן
 - a Anyone: who wishes to participate in פייס getes up early, goes to מקוה before "captain" arrives
 - b arrives around dawn (before or after crowing of rooster); he would knock on the door and they would open for him;
 - i He would announce: anyone who went to מקוח may join the פיים then someone "won" the lottery